Cambridge International AS & A Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9618/23
Paper 2 Fundamental Problem-solving and Programming Skills May/June 2023

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75



This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of 10 printed pages.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer				Marks
1(a)			Ans	wer	3
	The dimension of the array		2		
	The name of the variable used as an arra	ay index	PCou	ınt	
	The number of elements in the array		10	0	
1(b)	 One mark per point: The (second dimension/index of the) at the loop runs from 0 to 49 Line number: 10 / 100 / 101 / 102 	rray is de	clared from	1 to 50 but	2
1(c)	Integer				1
1(d)	One mark for each of rows 2 - 5				4
	Pseudocode statement	Input	Process	Output	
	INPUT MyChoice	√			
	OUTPUT FirstName & LastName		✓	✓	
	WRITEFILE OutputFile, TextLine			✓	
	READFILE MyFile, TextLine	✓			
	Result ← SQRT(NextNum)		✓		
		<u>I</u>	1		

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	One mark for each underlined part	2
	IF <u>DAYINDEX(MyDOB)</u> = 5 THEN	
2(b)(i)	MP1 Value for month is between 1 and 12 (inclusive) MP2 Value of year is <= 2002	2
2(b)(ii)	MP1 Reference to month and day MP2 Clear description for a check that the day number matches with a relevant month (Either day matches with month // month matches with day)	2

Question		Answ	ver	Marks
3(a)(i)	6			1
3(a)(ii)	Stack	Pointer		4
	Memory location	Value		
	506			
	505	BBB		
	504	AAA		
	503	XXX ← TopOfStack		
	502	ZZZ	Variable Value	
	501	NNN	Datal WWW	
	500	ppp ← BottomOfStack	Data2 AAA	
3(b)(i)	run)	•	tored (the next time the program is so not lost when the program	1
3(b)(ii)	MP2 Check th MP3 POP valu MP4 Write val MP5 Repeat for Alternative solution MP1 Open the MP2 Check th MP3 Read val MP4 Write the MP5 Decreme	lue to the text file from Step 2 // loop reference. Not using POP prime text file in WRITE monere is a value on the solue from ToS location e value to the text file — ent ToS	tack rencing the stack items nitive de	5

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Question	Answer	Marks
4	FUNCTION MakeString(Count : INTEGER, AChar : CHAR) RETURNS STRING DECLARE MyString : STRING DECLARE Index : INTEGER IF Count < 1 THEN MyString "ERROR" ELSE MyString "" FOR Index 1 TO Count MyString MyString MyString MyString AChar NEXT Index ENDIF RETURN MyString ENDFUNCTION MP1 Function heading and end including parameters and return type	6
	MP2 Declaration of locals Index and MyString MP3 Test for Count < 1 and if true, assign "ERROR" to MyString / Immediate RETURN MP4 Loop for Count iterations MP5 Use of concatenate – must have been initialised in a loop MP6 Return STRING (correctly in both cases)	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	Max 3 marks	3
	Additional Information: MP1 The (program/source) code/specification MP2 test plan // inputs/test data and expected outputs Explanation:	
	MP3 The structure / design / algorithm of the program of the program needs to be known MP4 so that all paths through the program can be tested	
5(b)	Perfective	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Max 7 marks PROCEDURE Select(Start, End : INTEGER) DECLARE ThisNum, Total: INTEGER DECLARE ThisString : STRING DECLARE Charl, Char2 : CHAR FOR ThisNum ← Start+1 TO End-1 ThisString ← NUM_TO_STR(ThisNum) Charl ← RIGHT(ThisString, 1) Char2 ← LEFT(RIGHT(ThisString, 2), 1) Total ← STR_TO_NUM(Charl) + STR_TO_NUM(Char2) IF Total = 6 THEN OUTPUT ThisString ENDIF NEXT ThisNum	7
	MP1 Procedure heading and ending MP2 (Count-controlled) Loop MP3 with correct range from Start+1 to End-1 MP4 Convert ThisNum (loop counter) to a string MP5 Extract the last two/first/second 'character digit(s)' required in a loop MP6 Extract the second individual 'character digit' required in a loop MP7 Calculate the sum of the last two digits MP8 If sum = 6 then OUTPUT the number (either string or integer) in a loop	
6(b)	Max 4 marks MP1 The function will take two integer parameters - the number and the (required) total MP2 and return a Boolean OR: CheckNum(Number, Total : INTEGER) MP1 RETURNS BOOLEAN MP2 Two marks for the advantages: MP3 CheckNum() can be called repeatedly as and when required MP4 CheckNum() is designed and tested once (then used repeatedly) MP5 Any subsequent change to CheckNum() needs to be made once only // is easier to maintain/modify	4

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(i)	 To filter out information (that is not necessary to solve the problem) // to include only essential information 	1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(ii)	Required: Student: Student name / email (address) Loan: Return/Issue date Book: Book title	2
	Not Required: Student: Home address / DoB / tutor / subject choices Book: Library location / category / author / book title	
7(a)(iii)	Max 2 marks	2
	Examples could include:	
	Clear the loan // indicate that the book has been returned // update loan history	
	 Take the student off 'block' // allow the student to borrow further books Send acknowledgement to the student when book is returned 	
7(b)	Max 3 marks	3
	MP1 All modules correctly labelled and interconnected. MP2 Correct parameters and return type to Module-X and Reset Correct parameters and return type to Module-Y and Replace MP4 Correct parameters and return type to Overlay and Module-Y	

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Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	FUNCTION ChangeSupp(Code1, Code2 : STRING) RETURNS INTEGER DECLARE Count : INTEGER DECLARE ThisLine, ThisCode : STRING	8
	OPENFILE "Stock.txt" FOR READ OPENFILE "NewStock.txt" FOR WRITE Count ← 0 WHILE NOT EOF("Stock.txt") READFILE("Stock.txt ", ThisLine) // brackets optional ThisCode ← MID(ThisLine, 5, 3) IF ThisCode = Code1 THEN ThisLine ← LEFT(ThisLine, 4) & Code2 & RIGHT(ThisLine, LENGTH(ThisLine) - 7) Count ← Count + 1 ENDIF WRITEFILE("NewStock.txt", ThisLine) // brackets optional	
	ENDWHILE CLOSEFILE "NewStock.txt" CLOSEFILE "Stock.txt"	
	MP1 Open both files, in correct modes, and subsequently close MP2 Conditional loop until EOF("Stock.txt") MP3 Read a line from Stock.txt AND extract ThisCode in a loop MP4 Test ThisCode = Code1 AND if true, increment Count (must have been Initialised) in a loop MP5 Update ThisLine using substring functions and '&' in a loop MP6 completely correct update of ThisLine in a loop	

Write ThisLine to NewStock.txt in a loop

Return count after loop

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MP7

MP8

Question	Answer	Marks
8(b)	PROCEDURE Report_1(Supp : STRING) DECLARE Count : INTEGER DECLARE ThisItemNum, ThisDesc, ThisLine, ThisCode : STRING	6
	Count ← 0	
	OPENFILE "Stock.txt" FOR READ	
	OUTPUT "Report for Supplier: " & Supp OUTPUT "" //Blank line as per example OUTPUT "Item Description" OUTPUT "" //Blank line as per example	
	WHILE NOT EOF("Stock.txt") READFILE("Stock.txt", ThisLine) ThisCode ← Mid(ThisLine, 5, 3) IF ThisCode = Supp THEN ThisItemNum ← LEFT(ThisLine, 4) ThisDesc ← RIGHT(ThisLine, LENGTH(ThisLine) - 7) OUTPUT ThisItem & " & ThisDesc Count ← Count + 1 ENDIF	
	ENDWHILE	
	CLOSEFILE "Stock.txt" OUTPUT "" //Blank line as per example OUTPUT "Number of items listed: ", Count ENDPROCEDURE	
	 MP1 Output report header (blank lines optional) – Must contain the parameter code MP2 Conditional loop until EOF("Stock.txt") MP3 Read a line from Stock.txt AND extract SupplierCode in a loop MP4 Test if SupplierCode = Supp then increment count (must have been Initialised) MP5 Extract AND output item and description in a loop MP6 Output the final line with count 	
8(c)(i)	Max 2 marks	2
	MP1 Must 'calculate' the count before any item + description output / after the file is read once MP2 Lines to be output have to be stored MP3 The file has to be read twice	

	1
Marks	

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Question	Answer	Marks
8(c)(ii)	One mark per point:	
	MP1 Loop through the file calculating the count MP2 Save 'selected' items in <u>an array</u> MP3 (After all lines have been read), output the header lines / count MP4 Loop through <u>the array</u> to output each array element	

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